

**Listing of Claims:**

Please cancel claims 1-7, and add new claims 8-14 as follows:

1-7. (Canceled Herein)

8. (New) A method of reducing the amount of phosphorus in cow manure,  
which comprises:

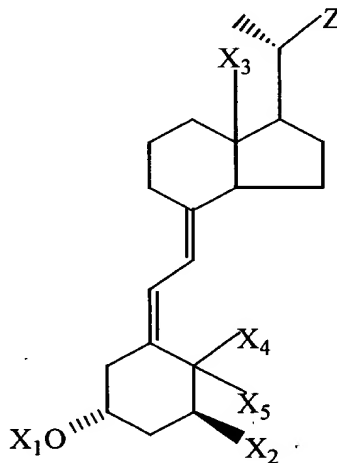
substituting a  $1\alpha$ -hydroxylated vitamin D compound for some or all of the  
inorganic phosphorus in a diet of a cow; and  
feeding said diet to said cow.

9. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein said diet includes a feed, and said  
 $1\alpha$ -hydroxylated vitamin D compound is fed as a top dressing on said feed.

10. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein said effective amount of the  $1\alpha$ -  
hydroxylated vitamin D compound comprises about  $0.1\mu\text{g/kg}$  to about  $100\mu\text{g/kg}$  of diet.

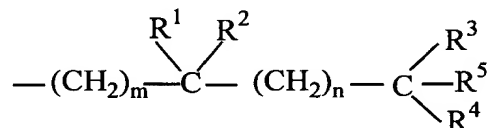
11. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein said diet includes a feed, and said  
feed contains 0% by weight of an inorganic phosphorus supplement.

12. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein said  $1\alpha$ -hydroxylated vitamin D  
compound is characterized by the following general structure:



where X<sub>1</sub> may be hydrogen or a hydroxy-protecting group, X<sub>2</sub> may be hydroxy, or  
protected hydroxy, X<sub>3</sub> may be hydrogen or methyl, X<sub>4</sub> and X<sub>5</sub> each represent hydrogen or  
taken together X<sub>4</sub> and X<sub>5</sub> represent a methylene group, and where Z is selected from Y,

-OY, -CH<sub>2</sub>OY, -C≡CY and -CH=CHY, where the double bond may have the cis or trans stereochemical configuration, and where Y is selected from hydrogen, methyl, -CR<sub>5</sub>O and a radical of the structure:



where m and n, independently, represent integers from 0 to 5, where R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, protected-hydroxy, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, and C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, which may be straight chain or branched and, optionally, bear a hydroxy or protected-hydroxy substituent, and where each of R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, independently, is selected from hydrogen, fluoro, trifluoromethyl and C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl, which may be straight-chain or branched, and optionally bear a hydroxy or protected-hydroxy substituent, and where R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, taken together, represent an oxo group, or an alkylidene group, =CR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>, or the group -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>-, where p is an integer from 2 to 5, and where R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>, taken together, represent an oxo group, or the group -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-, where q is an integer from 2 to 5, and where R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, hydroxy, protected-hydroxy, or C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl.

13. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein the vitamin D compound is 1α-hydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub>.

14. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein the vitamin D compound is 1α,25-dihydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub>.---